



NEBRASKA JUDICIAL BRANCH SUPPORTIVE SERVICES

Rehabilitative Services supports the Administrative Office of the Courts & Probation's mission by providing access to behavioral health and supportive services through exceptional technical assistance, developing and maintaining a network of quality Registered Service Providers, defining service standards, and ensuring service fidelity while decreasing financial barriers for justice-involved adults, youth and families.

ORIGIN & AUTHORIZATION

Nebraska Revised Statute § 29-2262.04 (Intensive supervision probation programs; contents; supervision required; electronic monitoring device or system; cost)

Nebraska Revised Statute § 29-2259 (Probation administrator; office; salaries; expenses; office space; prepare budget; interpreter services)

Nebraska Revised Statutes § 60-6,211.09 (Continuous alcohol monitoring devices)

Nebraska Revised Statutes § 60-6,211.05 (Ignition interlock device, continuous alcohol monitoring device and abstention from alcohol use)

Nebraska Revised Statutes § 43-250 (Temporary custody; disposition; custody requirements)

LB561 - 103rd Legislature (Change provisions and transfer responsibilities regarding the juvenile justice system)

PROGRAM OVERVIEW

Supportive Services encompass a variety of tools and field-monitoring strategies utilized to help track progress, report information to the supervising officer and monitor conditions of individuals on Probation, Post Release Supervision or involved in Problem-Solving Courts. Services such as electronic monitoring, electronic reporting, and substance use testing are used to enhance supervision, as well as promote adherence to schedules and overall accountability. Justice-involved youth may be referred to an array of supportive services most appropriate for their developmental stage and risk level that support successful completion of Probation. These services may include electronic monitoring, tracking services, educational support and other interventions to improve youth accountability and improve family functioning. Supportive Services are typically offered in conjunction with case management strategies to maximize support and motivation for lasting positive behavioral change.

PRIORITIES

Electronic Monitoring (EM)

- Electronic Monitoring encompasses two types of monitoring to enhance supervision: Radio Frequency
 (used in conjunction with home confinement) and Global Positioning System (GPS). The population most
 appropriate for these strategies is adults with higher-risk/higher-needs with respect to alcohol use and/
 or those who require intensive supervision, such as curfew or location restrictions, to reduce their risk of
 returning to the justice system. Electronic Monitoring may also be utilized for youth as a detention alternative,
 allowing them to remain safely in the community. Electronic Devices that help monitor and address high-risk
 substance using behaviors in relation to probation conditions include:
 - Continuous Alcohol Monitoring
 - Remote Alcohol Testing
 - · Ignition Interlock Device

While none of these devices can guarantee community safety or exclusively manage behavior, monitoring does allow an individual to be supervised in the community while participating in pro-social activities such as employment, education and treatment.

Electronic Reporting

The Electronic Reporting System, or ERS, functions as an automated telephone system. Toll-free calls from
adults and youth under probation supervision are recorded as a supplement to traditional face-to-face
reporting in order to ensure regular periodic contact. This offers a systematic process to submit monthly
supervision reports and share information electronically between low-risk adults and youth and their

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supervising Probation Officer. Use of this technology furthers Probation's person-centered focus and improves personal accountability.

Substance Use Testing Program

• Justice-involved adults and youth with a history of problematic substance use may be subject to random, unannounced substance use testing to assist in establishing a period of abstinence. Effective alcohol and other substance testing is an integral part of effective community supervision and can provide an objective measure of treatment effectiveness. Substance use testing also supports a youth or adult in recovery in maintaining accountability, preventing relapse, and accomplishing personal wellness goals. The results of these tests can inform the necessity of incentives, sanctions and treatment adjustments as appropriate. As alcohol and other substances vary substantially in their windows of detection, a variety of sanctioned testing methodologies are available to assist individuals in abstaining from substance use. Drug screens are conducted on-site, in-home and in the field utilizing multiple approaches, including urine analysis, mouth swabs, sweat patches and preliminary breath tests. The Supportive Services Specialist ensures that all procedures regarding confirmation of positive tests results and protocols for chain of custody are followed.

RECENT ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- Conducted over 400,000 drug and alcohol tests for adults and youth in the calendar year.
- Enhanced monthly in-person training for all new Drug Technicians, including an overview of Behavioral Health Fundamentals and updated immunoassay testing guidance for commonly used drugs.
- Revised and published an update to the Substance Use Testing Protocol minimum drug testing frequencies in an effort to reduce over-testing, while also ensuring that individuals with substance use treatment needs are monitored at an interval matching their current risk and overall case management strategy.
- Trained more than 100 staff in the application of sweat patch testing and piloted utilization of oral fluid (mouth swab) testing for the juvenile population, which created more flexibility and a less invasive approach to specimen collection.
- Revised and published the Electronic Monitoring for Adult Supervision Protocol with updated criteria for the target population to help enhance community safety, supervision strategies and coordination with external agencies.
- Established an Opioid Overdose Response Policy and Protocol to train staff and ensure access to naloxone for any patron, probationer or staff member suspected of having an emergent opioid overdose.

CONTACTS

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REFERENCES

Nebraska Supreme Court Website: https://supremecourt.nebraska.gov/probation/community-based-programs-field-services-division

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